



# **Biogas production and nutrient recycling in the EU: the role of manure and agricultural residues**

SCALE UP Training Session, 24/04/2024

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# EBA members operate across the whole biogases value chain

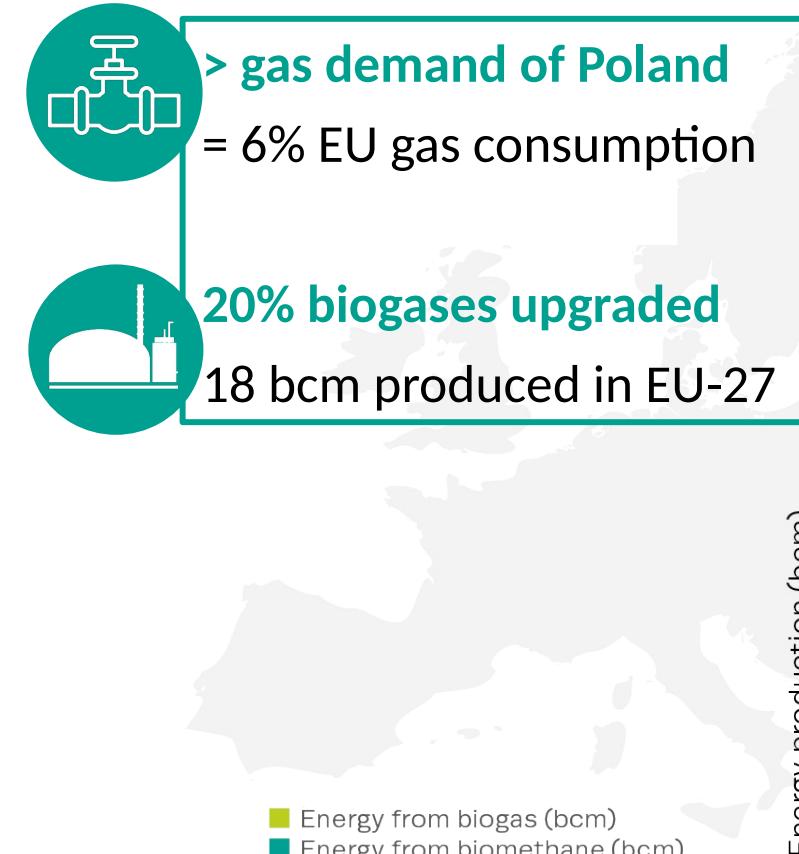
+240 companies

51 National  
Associations

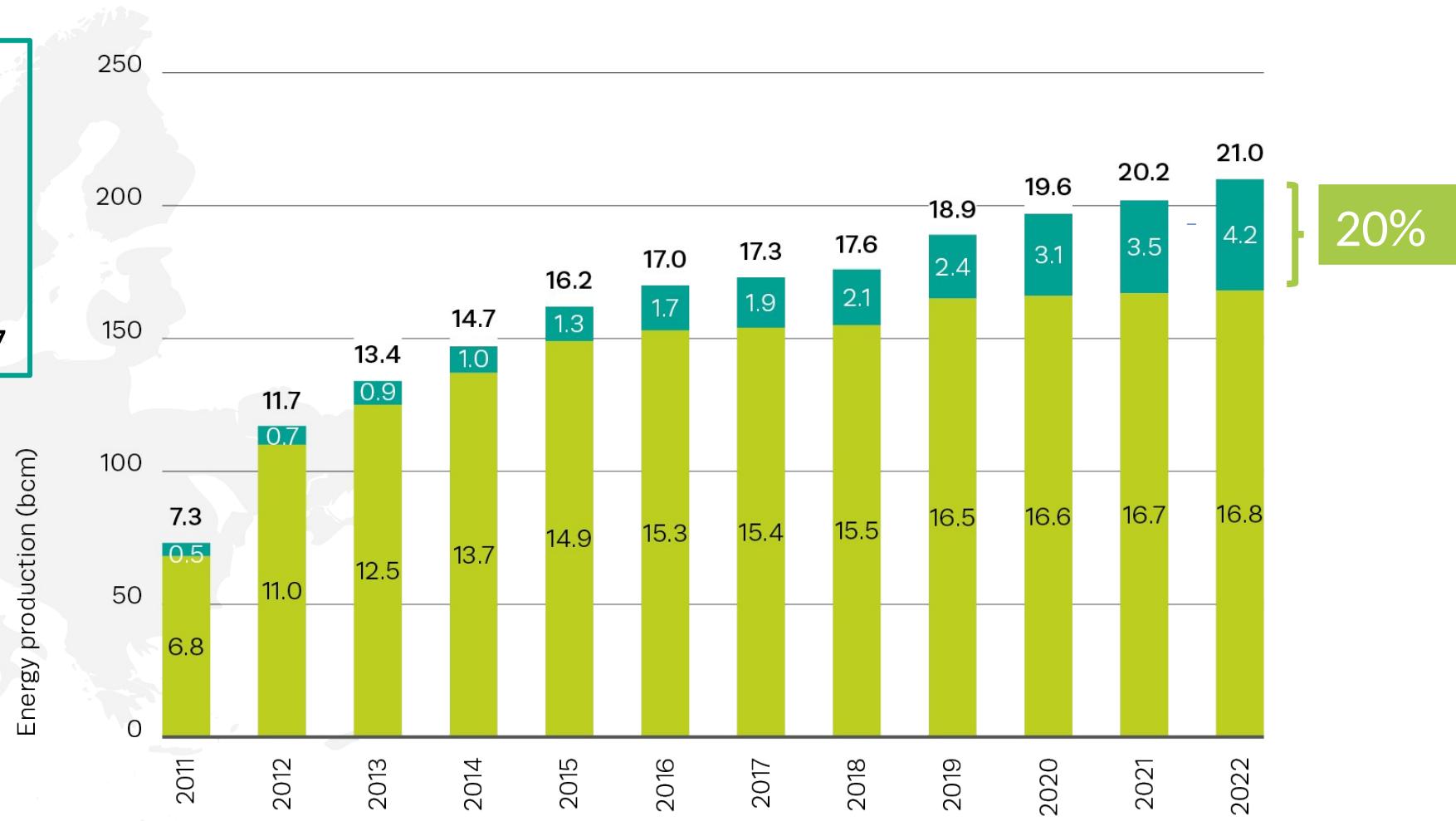
Research Centres



# Europe produced 21 bcm of biogases in 2022



## Combined biomethane and biogas production in Europe



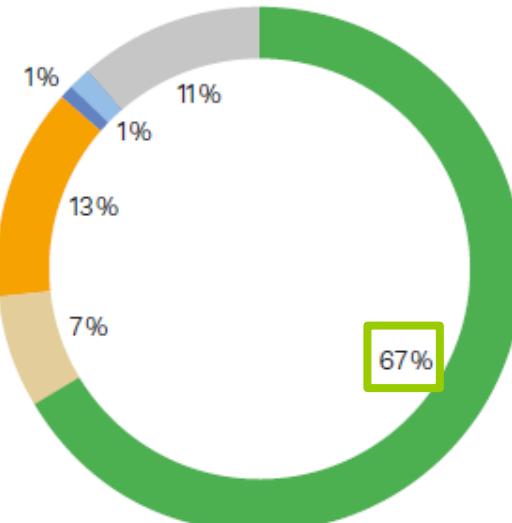
# Agricultural plants rank first for the biogas and biomethane production



**67%** of the biogas and **64%** biomethane is produced from agricultural plants in Europe

**Figure 2.8**

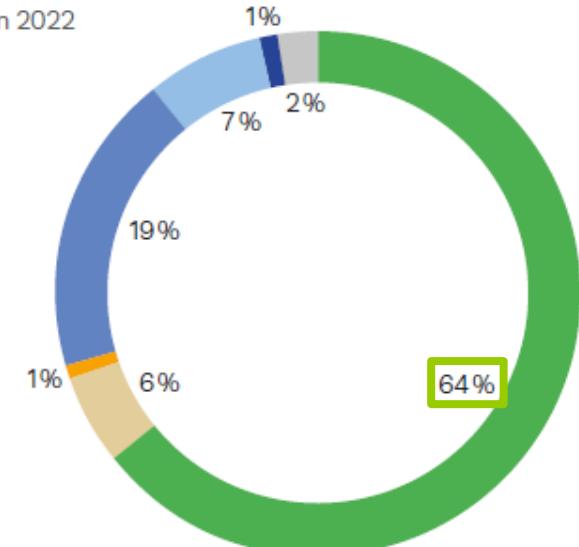
Percentage of European biogas production per plant type in 2022



- Agriculture
- Sewage sludge
- Landfill
- Organic municipal waste
- Industrial (food and waste)
- Other
- Unknown

**Figure 2.9**

Percentage of European biomethane production per plant type in 2022



- Agriculture
- Sewage sludge
- Landfill
- Organic municipal waste
- Industrial (food and waste)
- Other
- Unknown

# Biomethane in Europe is produced from sustainable feedstocks



Evolution of  
feedstock use



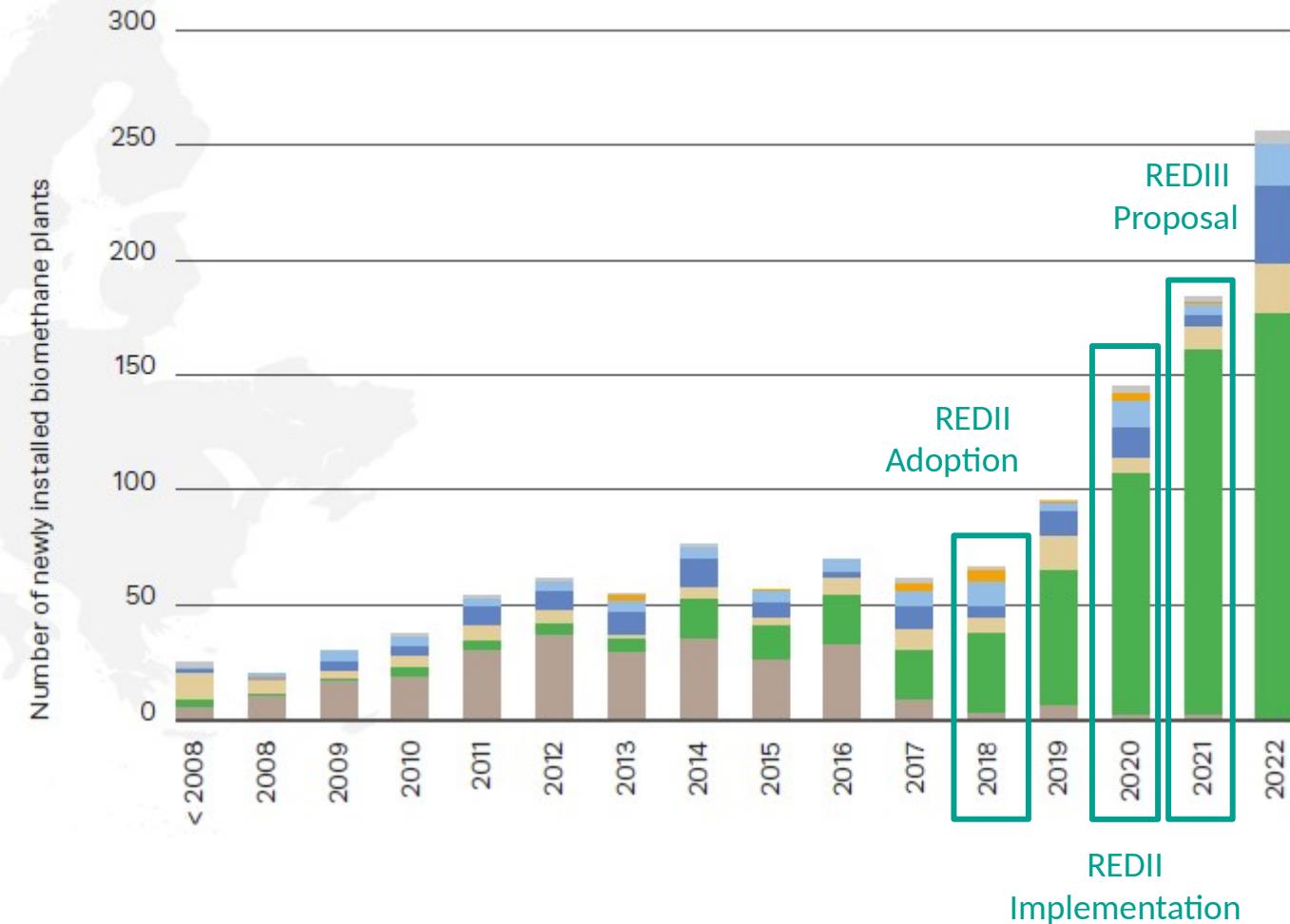
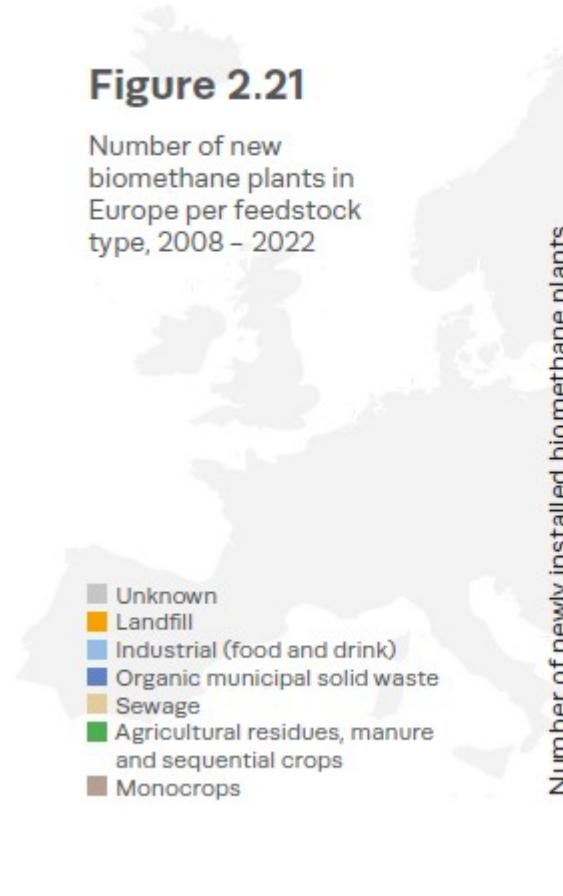
Driver #1:  
GHG  
emissions  
savings



Enabler #1:  
Tech  
development

**Figure 2.21**

Number of new  
biomethane plants in  
Europe per feedstock  
type, 2008 – 2022



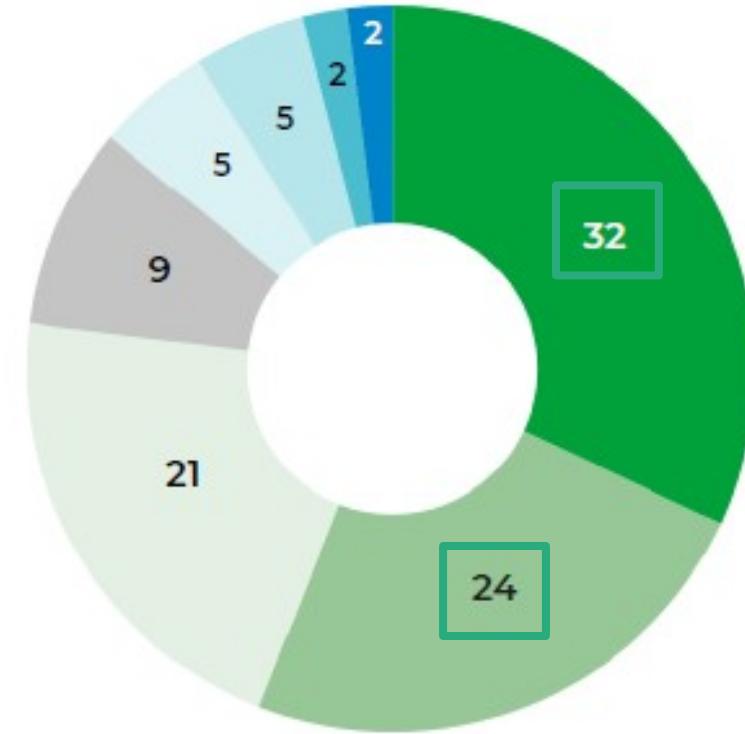
Source: EBA Statistical Report 2023

# Manure will be the most used feedstock for biomethane in 2030



In 2030, **32%** of EU biomethane will be produced from **manure** and **24%** from **agricultural residues**.

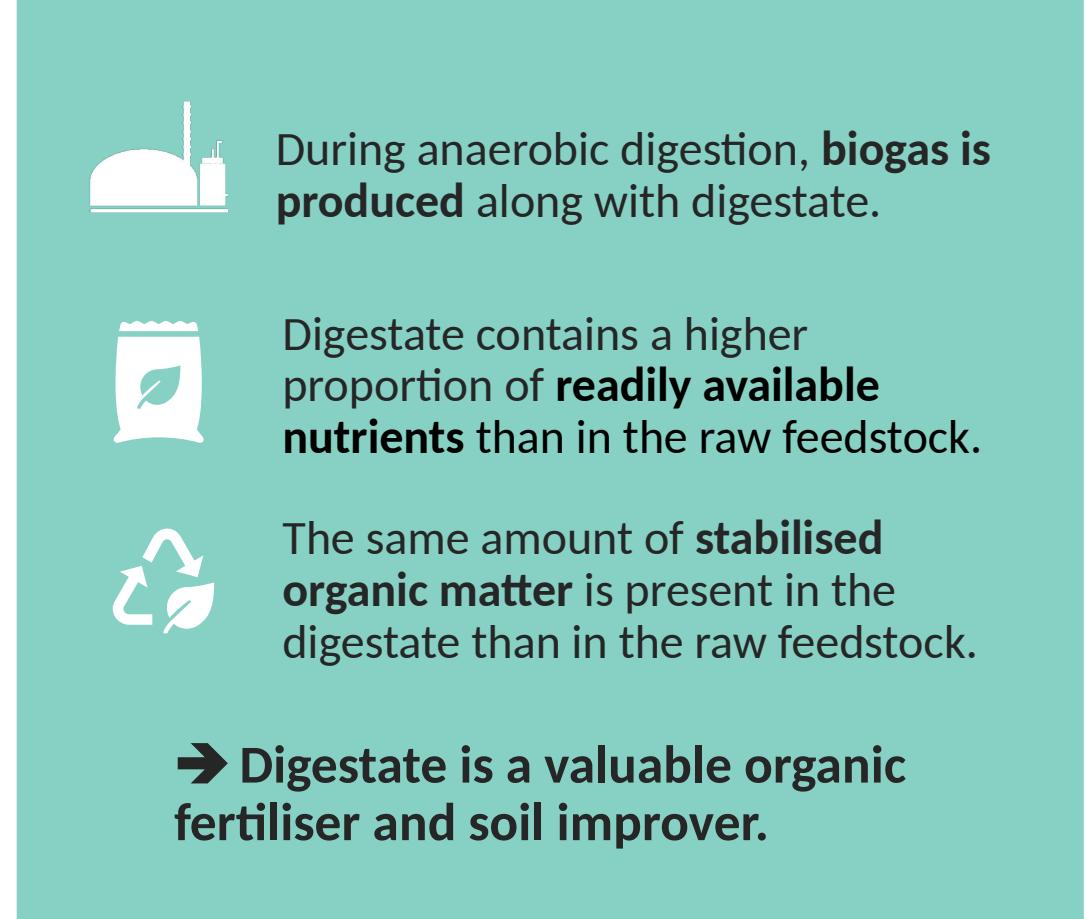
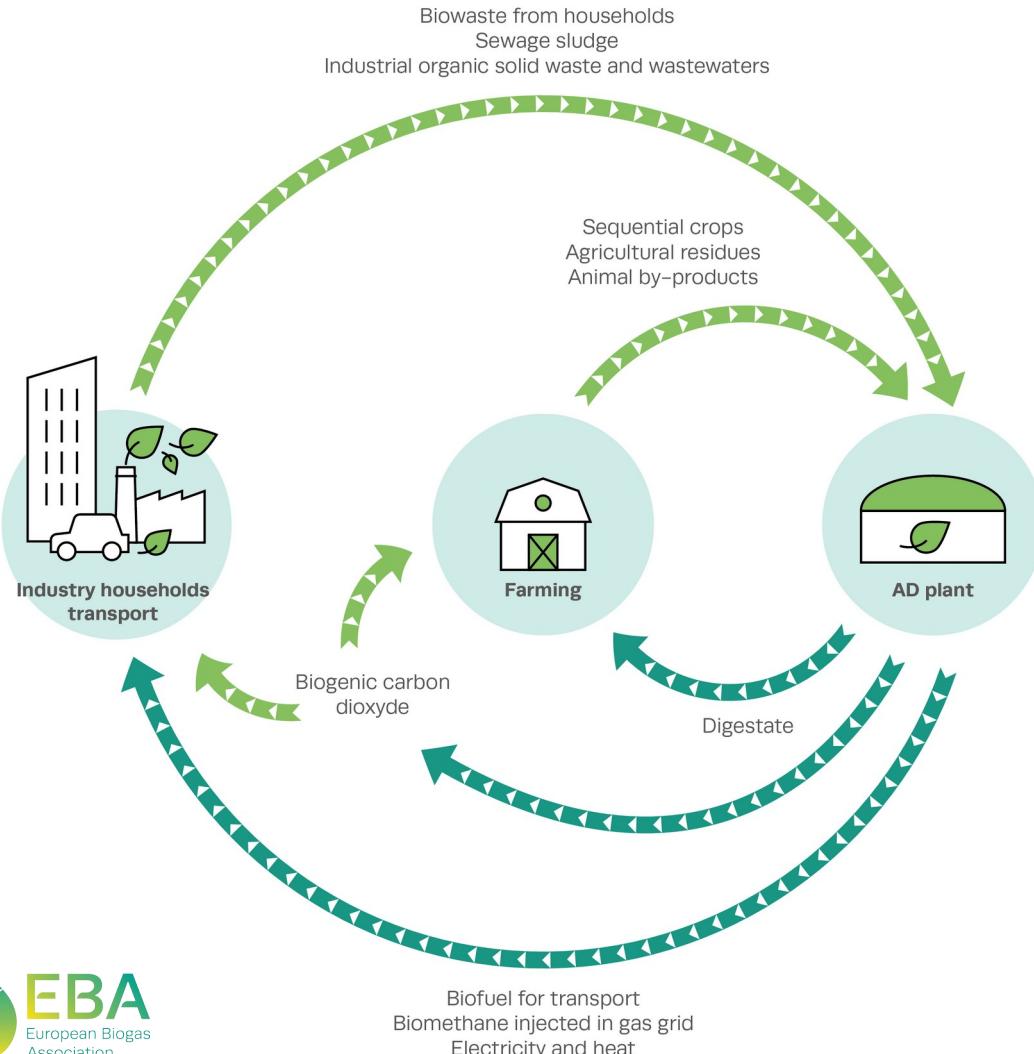
EU anaerobic digestion potential in 2030 per feedstock



- Animal manure
- Agricultural residues
- Sequential crops
- Industrial wastewater
- Permanent grassland
- Biowaste
- Sewage sludge
- Roadside verge grass

# What is digestate?

Schematic overview of the inputs and outputs of the bio-gases production process



# Digestate offers an alternative to synthetic fertilisers



**31 Mt (DM)**  
digestate produced  
Europe, 2022

Digestate can already displace:  
**15%**

**Nitrogen-based fertilisers**  
(N applied in EU-27: 11.1 Mt/year)

**11%**  
**Phosphorus fertilisers**  
(P applied in EU-27: 2.8 Mt/year)

**6%**  
**Potassium fertilisers**  
(K applied in EU-27: 3.1  
Mt/year)



GHG reduction potential when displacing  
synthetic N-fertilizers with digestate

**10 Mt  
of CO<sub>2</sub> equivalent  
in 2022**

**Natural gas** is the main feedstock and  
energy source to produce **synthetic  
fertilisers**

The replacement of 15%  
of **synthetic nitrogen fertilisers** with  
digestate could save today around  
**2 bcm of natural gas**

# Digestate is an enabler of carbon sequestration



**9,3 Mt** of Total Organic Carbon, 2022

More stable organic carbon, particularly  
recalcitrant to biodegradation

- High potential for **carbon sequestration**
- Leads to **humus** and **structure formation** in the soil and increases its **fertility**, **functionality**, **microbial activity**, **aeration**, and **water storage capacity**

## Carbon sequestration potential of digestate

	% of remaining TOC after 92 days
Solid fraction of digestate	86%
Digestate 1	73%
Digestate 2	56%
Cattle manure	58%
Maize straw	43%

*Reuland, G.; Sleutel, S.; Li, H.; Dekker, H.; Sigurnjak, I.; Meers, E. Quantifying CO<sub>2</sub> Emissions and Carbon Sequestration from Digestate-Amended Soil Using Natural <sup>13</sup>C Abundance as a Tracer. Agronomy 2023, 13, 2501.*

➔ The application of (solid fraction) digestate on soil is both a **sustainable soil management** and a **carbon farming practice**

# European digestate production



**Most common end-use:**  
directly applied biofertilizer

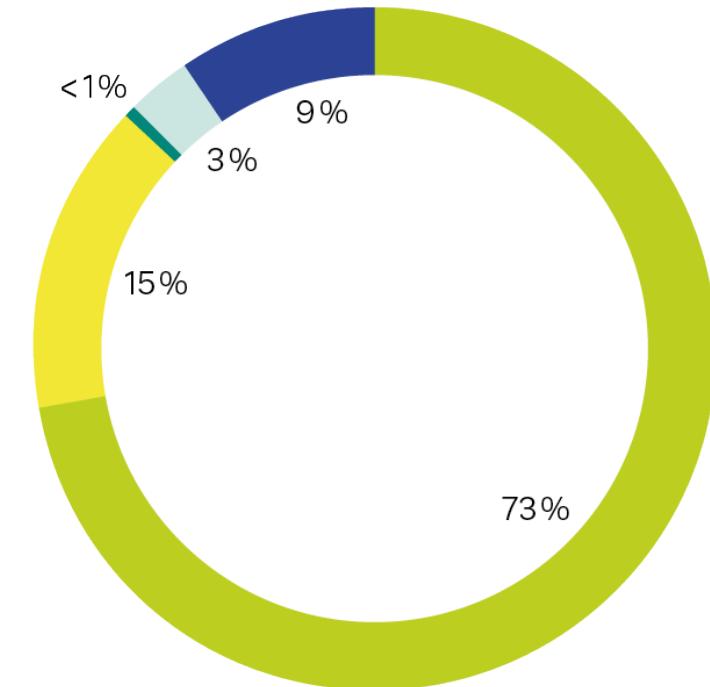


**Mostly non-separated digestate**  
Austria, Denmark, Germany, Poland,  
Slovakia, Sweden, and Ukraine



**Mostly liquid digestate**  
Serbia, Croatia, Slovenia, UK,  
Switzerland and Belgium

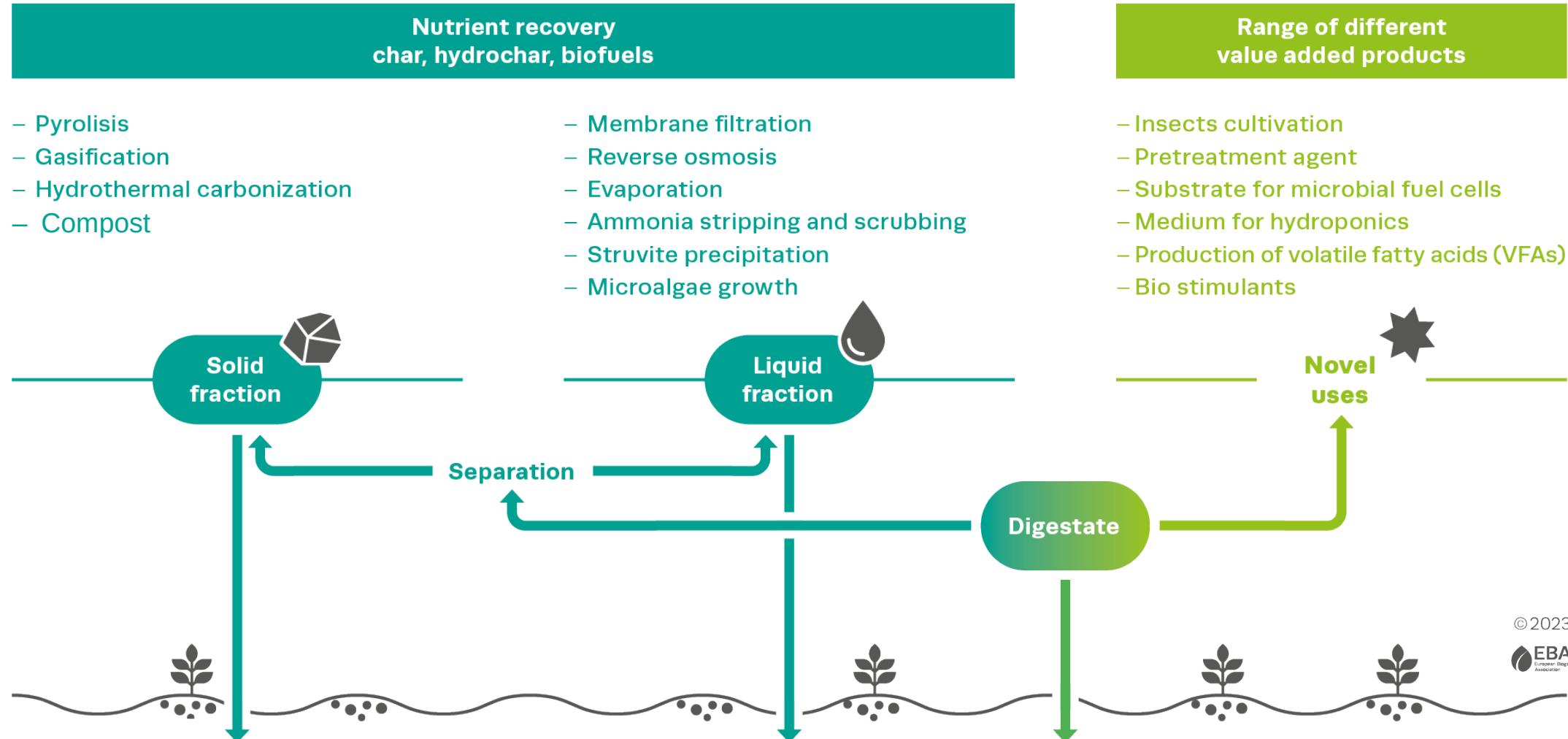
## Digestate end-uses in Europe



- Usage as a biofertiliser (direct)
- Usage as a biofertiliser (after upgrading)
- Biological processing (nitrification/denitrification)
- Exported
- Other usage

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# Digestate valorization routes



# Regulatory challenges and opportunities for digestate



## Challenges

- **Fertilising Products Regulation** (EU 2019/1009): setting heavy requirements for digestate to be CE-marketed as organic fertiliser or soil improver.
- **Animal By-Products Regulation** (EC 1069/2009 & EU 142/2011, EU 2023/1605): setting additional requirements for certain *animal by-products* to be placed on the market.
- **Nitrates Directive** (91/676/EEC): restricting the application of digestate from *manure*.
- **Sewage Sludge Directive** (86/278/EEC): restricting the application of digestate from *sewage sludge* in agriculture.



## Opportunities

- **Soil Monitoring Law**: promoting the application of circular fertilisers as a sustainable soil management/regeneration practice.
- **Common Agricultural Policy**: incentivizing the use of organic fertilisers through eco-schemes.
- **Carbon Removal Certification Framework**: setting a voluntary framework for carbon removal activities including carbon farming.
- **Waste Framework Directive**: encouraging the recycling of bio-waste through anaerobic digestion with use of digestate.
- **Urban Wastewater Treatment Directive**: stimulating the recovery of nutrients from sewage sludge.



# Thank you for your attention!

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